

The student will demonstrate knowledge of the emerging role of the United States in world affairs and key domestic events after 1890 by

c) explaining the causes of the Great Depression, its impact on the American people, and the ways the New Deal addressed it.

UNEMPLOYMENT
1 out of 4 workers



Franklin Roosevelt

Rallied a frightened nation.

*"We have nothing to fear,
but fear itself."*



Role of government changed to a more active participant in solving problems.

NEW DEAL

Reform measures corrected unsound banking and investment practices (Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation FDIC).

Relief measures provided direct payment to people for immediate help (Works Progress Administration WPA).

Recovery programs were designed to bring nation out of the depression over time (Agricultural Adjustment Act AAA).

Social Security Act offered safeguards for workers.

The New Deal altered permanently the role of American government in the economy. It also fostered changes in people's attitudes toward government's responsibilities. Organized labor acquired new rights, as the New Deal set in place legislation that reshaped modern American capitalism.