

The student will demonstrate knowledge of the major events during the first half of the nineteenth century by
b) describing the key features of the Jacksonian Era, with emphasis on federal banking policies.

Expansion of democracy

New democratic spirit

Increased participation in elections

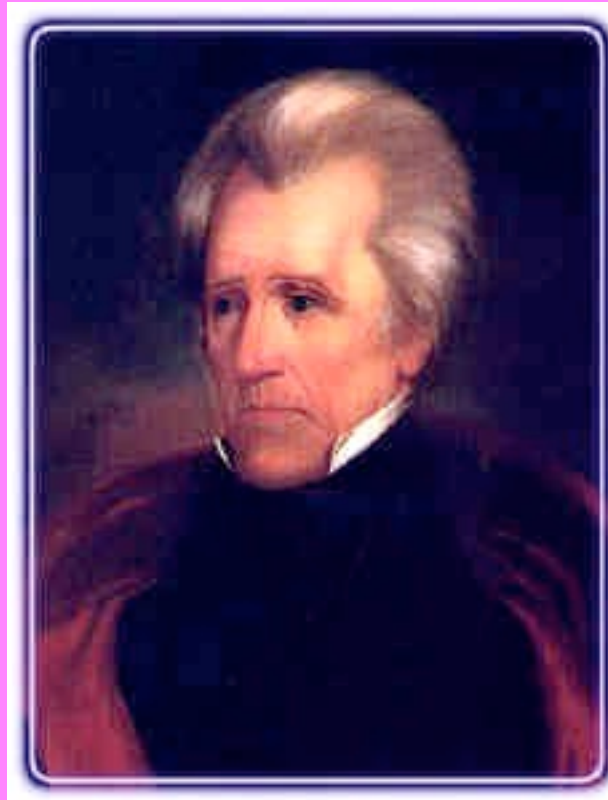
Universal manhood suffrage

Lower property requirements for voting

Presidential nominating conventions

Spoils system rewarded political supporters with government jobs

Andrew Jackson



Elected 1828 & 1832

TERMS

Aristocracy:

A government in which power is given to those believed to be qualified.

Aristocrat:

A member of an aristocracy.

Presidential veto:

Power granted to the President to prevent passage of legislation.

Spoils System:

A practice of using public offices to benefit members of the victorious party.